

Alton Vs. Alton

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Court : US Supreme Court

Decided On : Jun-01-1954

Appeal No. : 347 U.S. 610

Appellant : Alton

Respondent : Alton

Judgement :

Alton v. Alton - 347 U.S. 610 (1954)

U.S. Supreme Court Alton v. Alton, 347 U.S. 610 (1954)

Alton v. Alton

No. 531

Argued April 7, 1954

Decided June 1, 1954

347 U.S. 610

CERTIORARI TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE THIRD CIRCUIT

SYLLABUS

An action for divorce in the District Court of the Virgin Islands by the wife of a Connecticut domiciliary was dismissed for want of jurisdiction. While a review of that decision was pending here, the husband obtained a final divorce in a Connecticut state court.

Held: in the circumstances stated in the opinion, the judgment of the District Court of the Virgin Islands must be vacated and the cause dismissed as moot.

207 F.2d 607, judgment vacated and cause remanded.

PER CURIAM.

Petitioner brought this action for divorce in the Virgin Islands. Following argument and submission of the case in this Court, we were authoritatively advised that a final divorce decree had been entered on April 28, 1954, in the State of Connecticut on application of the respondent. The Superior Court of Connecticut found respondent to be a domiciliary of that State and petitioner here personally appeared in that action. Petitioner does not suggest that she repudiates her appearance in the Connecticut action, that the Connecticut decree is invalid in any way, or, in fact, that there is any colorable basis for challenging it. Nor does petitioner seek any ancillary relief in the instant divorce action that could not be obtained in an independent action in the Virgin Islands.

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On the premises, this case appears to be moot. The judgment of the Court of Appeals is vacated, and the cause is remanded to the District Court with directions to vacate its judgment and to dismiss the proceeding upon the ground that the cause is moot.

MR. JUSTICE BLACK dissents. He is of the opinion that petitioner is entitled to have her divorce case tried in the Virgin Islands, since, under the holding and opinion in *Williams v. North Carolina*, [325 U. S. 226](#) , the Connecticut divorce

decree does not necessarily protect petitioner from conviction for bigamy in the Virgin Islands or anywhere else.

MR. JUSTICE DOUGLAS and MR. JUSTICE JACKSON took no part in the consideration or decision of this case.

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