

## Finance Act, 1983

### Schedule I - First Schedule

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#### THE FIRST SCHEDULE

[See section 2]

#### PART I

#### Income-Tax And Surcharge On Income-Tax

#### Paragraph A

##### Sub-Paragraph I

In the case of every individual or Hindu undivided family or unregistered firm or other association of persons or body of individual, whether incorporated or not, or every artificial juridical person referred to in sub-clause (vii) of clause (31) of section 2 of the Income-tax Act, not being a case to which Sub-Paragraph II of this Paragraph or any other Paragraph of this Part applies, -

#### RATES OF INCOME-TAX

|     |                                                                          |                                                                                            |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (1) | where the total income does not exceed Rs. 15,000                        | Nil;                                                                                       |
| (2) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 15,000 but does not exceed Rs. 25,000 | 30 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 15,000;                   |
| (3) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 25,000 but does not exceed Rs. 30,000 | Rs. 3,000 plus 34 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 25,000;    |
| (4) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 30,000 but does not exceed Rs. 50,000 | Rs. 4,700 plus 40 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 30,000;    |
| (5) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 50,000 but does not exceed Rs. 60,000 | Rs. 12,700 plus 50 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 50,000;   |
| (6) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 60,000 but does not exceed Rs. 70,000 | Rs. 17,700 plus 52.5 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 60,000; |
| (7) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 70,000 but does not exceed            | Rs. 22,950 plus 55 per cent. of the amount by which the                                    |

|     |                                |                                    |
|-----|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
|     | Rs. 85,000                     | total income exceeds Rs. 70,000;   |
| (8) | where the total income exceeds | Rs. 31,200 plus 57.5 per cent.     |
|     | Rs. 85,000 but does not exceed | of the amount by which the         |
|     | Rs. 1,00,000                   | total income exceeds Rs. 85,000;   |
| (9) | where the total income exceeds | Rs. 39,825 plus 60 per cent.       |
|     | Rs. 1,00,000                   | of the amount by which the         |
|     |                                | total income exceeds Rs. 1,00,000. |

Surcharge on income-tax The amount of income-tax computed in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Sub-Paragraph shall be increased by a surcharge for purposes of the Union calculated at the rate of ten per cent. of such income-tax.

#### Sub-Paragraph II

In the case of every Hindu undivided family which at any time during the previous year has at least one member whose total income of the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1983 exceeds Rs. 15,000, -

#### RATES OF INCOME-TAX

|     |                                                                          |                                                                                         |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (1) | where the total income does not exceed Rs. 8,000                         | Nil;                                                                                    |
| (2) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 8,000 but does not exceed Rs. 15,000  | 22 per cent. of the total income which the total income exceeds Rs. 8,000               |
| (3) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 15,000 but does not exceed Rs. 20,000 | Rs. 1,540 plus 22 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 15,000  |
| (4) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 20,000 but does not exceed Rs. 25,000 | Rs. 2,890 plus 22 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 20,000  |
| (5) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 25,000 but does not exceed Rs. 30,000 | Rs. 4,640 plus 22 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 25,000  |
| (6) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 30,000 but does not exceed Rs. 50,000 | Rs. 6,640 plus 22 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 30,000  |
| (7) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 50,000                                | Rs. 16,640 plus 22 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 50,000 |

Provided that for the purposes of this Sub-Paragraph, -

- (i) no income-tax shall be payable on a total income not exceeding Rs. 12,000;

(ii) where the total income exceeds Rs. 12,000 but does not exceed Rs. 17,610, the income-tax payable thereon shall not exceed forty per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 12,000.

#### Surcharge on income-tax

The amount of income-tax computed in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Sub-Paragraph shall be increased by a surcharge for purposes of the Union calculated at the rate of ten per cent. of such income-tax.

#### Paragraph B

In the case of every co-operative society, -

#### RATES OF INCOME-TAX

|     |                                                                          |                                                                                         |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (1) | where the total income does not Rs. 10,000                               | 15 per cent. of the total income;                                                       |
| (2) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 10,000 but does not exceed Rs. 20,000 | Rs. 1,500 plus 25 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 10,000; |
| (3) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 20,000                                | Rs. 4,000 plus 40 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 20,000. |

#### Surcharge on income-tax

The amount of income-tax computed in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Paragraph shall be increased by a surcharge for purposes of the Union calculated at the rate of ten per cent. of such income-tax.

#### Paragraph C

##### Sub-Paragraph I

In the case of every registered firm, not being a case to which Sub-Paragraph II of this Paragraph applies, -

#### RATES OF INCOME-TAX

|     |                                                                          |                                                                                      |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (1) | where the total income does not exceed Rs. 10,000                        | Nil;                                                                                 |
| (2) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 10,000 but does not exceed Rs. 25,000 | 5 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 10,000;              |
| (3) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 25,000 but does not exceed Rs. 50,000 | Rs. 750 plus 7 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 25,000; |
| (4) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 50,000 but does not exceed            | Rs. 2,500 plus 15 per cent. of the amount by which the                               |

|     |                                |                                    |
|-----|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
|     | Rs. 1,00,000                   | total income exceeds Rs. 50,000;   |
| (5) | where the total income exceeds | Rs. 10,000 plus 24 per cent.       |
|     | Rs. 1,00,000                   | of the amount by which the         |
|     |                                | total income exceeds Rs. 1,00,000. |

#### Surcharge on income-tax

The amount of income-tax computed in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Sub-Paragraph shall be increased by a surcharge for purposes of the Union calculated at the rate of ten per cent. of such income-tax.

#### Sub-Paragraph II

In the case of every registered firm whose total income includes income derived from a profession carried on by it and the income so included is not less than fifty-one per cent. of such total income, -

#### RATES OF INCOME-TAX

|     |                                                                            |                                                                                           |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (1) | where the total income does not exceed Rs. 10,000                          | Nil;                                                                                      |
| (2) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 10,000 but does not exceed Rs. 25,000   | 4 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 10,000;                   |
| (3) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 25,000 but does not exceed Rs. 50,000   | Rs. 600 plus 7 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 25,000;      |
| (4) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 50,000 but does not exceed Rs. 1,00,000 | Rs. 2,350 plus 13 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 50,000;   |
| (5) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 1,00,000                                | Rs. 8,850 plus 22 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 1,00,000. |

#### Surcharge on income-tax

The amount of income-tax computed in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Sub-Paragraph shall be increased by a surcharge for purposes of the Union calculated at the rate of ten per cent. of such income-tax.

Explanation : For the purposes of this Paragraph, "registered firm" includes an unregistered firm assessed as a registered firm under clause (b) of section 183 of the Income-tax Act.

#### Paragraph D

In the case of every local authority, -

#### RATE OF INCOME-TAX

|                                  |              |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| On the whole of the total income | 50 per cent. |
|----------------------------------|--------------|

#### Surcharge on income-tax

The amount of income-tax computed at the rate hereinbefore specified shall be increased by a surcharge for purposes of the Union calculated at the rate of ten per cent. of such income-tax.

#### Paragraph E

In the case of a company, -

#### RATES OF INCOME-TAX

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                        |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| I. In the case of a domestic company, -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                        |
| (1) where the company is a company in which the public are substantially interested, -                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                        |
| (i) in a case where the total income does not exceed Rs. 1,00,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 45 per cent. of the    |
| (ii) in a case where the total income exceeds Rs. 1,00,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 55 per cent. of the    |
| (2) where the company is not a company in which the public are substantially interested, -                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                        |
| (i) in the case of an industrial company, -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                        |
| (a) where the total income does not exceed Rs. 2,00,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 55 per cent. of the    |
| (b) where the total income exceeds Rs. 2,00,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 60 per cent. of the    |
| (ii) in any other case                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 65 per cent. of the    |
| (Provided that -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                        |
| (i) the income-tax payable by a domestic company, being a company in which the public are substantially interested, the total income of which exceeds Rs. 1,00,000, shall not exceed the aggregate of -                                                                                                     |                        |
| (a) the income-tax which would have been payable by the company if its total income had been Rs. 1,00,000 1,00,000 for this purpose being computed as if such income included income from various sources in the same total income of the company); and                                                     |                        |
| (b) eight per cent. of the amount by which its total income exceeds Rs. 1,00,000;                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                        |
| (ii) the income-tax payable by a domestic company, not being a company in which the public are substantially interested, which is an industrial company and the total income of which exceeds Rs. 2,00,000, shall not exceed the aggregate of -                                                             |                        |
| (a) the income-tax which would have been payable by the company if its total income had been Rs. 2,00,000 2,00,000 for this purpose being computed as if such income included income from various sources in the same total income of the company); and                                                     |                        |
| (b) eight per cent. of the amount by which its total income exceeds Rs. 2,00,000;                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                        |
| (II. In the case of a company other than a domestic company, -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                        |
| (i) on so much of the total income as consists of -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                        |
| (a) royalties received from an Indian concern in pursuance of an agreement made by it with the Indian concern after the 31st day of March, 1961 but before the 1st day of April, 1976, or                                                                                                                   |                        |
| (b) fees for rendering technical services received from an Indian concern in pursuance of an agreement made by it with the Indian concern after the 29th day of February, 1964 but before the 1st day of April, 1976, and where such agreement has, in either case, been approved by the Central Government | 50 per cent.;          |
| (ii) on the balance, if any, of the total income                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 70 per cent. Surcharge |

#### Surcharge on income-tax

The amount of income-tax computed in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Paragraph shall be increased by a surcharge calculated at the rate of two and a half per cent. of such income-tax.

## PART II

### Rates For Deduction Of Tax At Source In Certain Cases

In every case in which under the provisions of sections 193, 194, 194A, 194B, 194BB, 194D and 195 of the Income-tax Act, tax is to be deducted at the rates in force, deduction shall be made from the income subject to deduction at the following rates :-

| Income-tax                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |         |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                    | Rate of income tax                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Rate o  |
| I. In the case of a person other than a company -                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |         |
| (a) where the person is resident in India -                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |         |
| (i) on income by way of interest other than "Interest on securities"                                                                                                               | 10 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Nil;    |
| (ii) on income by way of winnings from lotteries and crossword puzzles                                                                                                             | 30 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 3.75 p  |
| (iii) on income by way of winnings from horse races                                                                                                                                | 30 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 3.75 p  |
| (iv) on income by way of insurance commission                                                                                                                                      | 10 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Nil;    |
| (v) on income by way of interest payable on                                                                                                                                        | 10 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Nil;    |
| (A) any security, other than a tax-free security, of the Central or a State Government;                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |         |
| (B) any debentures or other security for money issued by or on behalf of any local authority or a corporation established by a Central, State or Provincial Act;                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |         |
| (C) any debentures issued by a company where such debentures are listed in a recognised stock exchange in India in accordance with the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |         |
| (42 of 1956), and any rules made thereunder                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |         |
| (vi) on any other income (excluding interest payable on a tax-free security)                                                                                                       | 20 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 2.5 per |
| (b) where the person is not resident in India -                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |         |
| (i) in the case of a non-resident Indian -                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |         |
| (A) on investment income and long-term capital gains                                                                                                                               | 20 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 2.5 per |
| (B) on income by way of interest payable on a tax-free security                                                                                                                    | 15 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 1.875 p |
| (C) on the whole of the other income cent. of the amount of the income,                                                                                                            | income-tax at 30 per cent. and surcharge at 3.75 per or income-tax and surcharge on income-tax in respect of the income at the rates prescribed in Sub-Paragraph I of Paragraph A of Part III of this Schedule, if such income had been the total income, whichever is higher; |         |
| (ii) in the case of any other person -                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |         |

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| (A) on the whole of the income(excluding interest payable on a tax-free security)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | income-tax at 30 per cent. and surcharge at 3.75 per cent. of the amount of income, or income-tax and surcharge on income-tax in respect of the income at the rates prescribed in Sub-Paragraph I of Paragraph A of Part III of this Schedule, if such income had been the total income, whichever is higher; |                 |
| (B) on income by way of interest payable on a tax-free security                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 15 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 1.875 per cent. |
| II. In the case of a company -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                 |
| (a) where the company is a domestic company -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                 |
| (i) on income by way of interest other than "Interest on securities"                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 20 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 1 per cent.     |
| (ii) on any other income (excluding interest payable on a tax-free security)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 21.5 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 1.075 per cent. |
| (b) where the company is not a domestic company -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                 |
| (i) on income by way of dividends payable by any domestic company                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 25 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Nil;            |
| (ii) on income by way of interest payable by Government or an Indian concern on moneys borrowed or debt incurred by Government or the Indian concern in foreign currency                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 25 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Nil;            |
| (iii) on income by way of royalty payable by Government or an Indian concern in pursuance of an agreement made by it with the Government or the Indian concern after the 31st day of March, 1976, where such royalty is in consideration for the transfer of all or any rights (including the granting of a licence) in respect of copyright in any book on a subject referred to in the proviso to sub-section (1A) of section 115A of the Income-tax Act, to the Indian concern | 40 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Nil;            |
| (iv) on income by way of royalty not being royalty of the nature referred to in sub-item (b) (iii) payable by Government or an Indian concern in pursuance of an agreement made by it with the Government or the Indian concern and which has been approved by the Central Government, -                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                 |
| (A) where the agreement is made after the 31st day of March, 1961 but before the 1st day of April, 1976                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 50 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 2.5 per cent.   |
| (B) where the agreement is made after the 31st day of March, 1976 -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                 |
| (1) on so much of the amount of such income as consists of lump sum consideration for the transfer outside India of, or the imparting of information outside India in respect of, any data, documentation, drawing or specification relating to any patent, invention, model, design, secret formula or process, or trade mark or similar property                                                                                                                                | 20 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Nil;            |
| (2) on the balance, if any, of such income                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 40 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Nil;            |
| (v) on income by way of fees for technical services payable by Government or an Indian concern in pursuance of an agreement made by it with the Government or the Indian concern and which has been approved by the Central Government -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                 |
| (A) where the agreement is made after the 29th day of February, 1964 but before the 1st day of April, 1976                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 50 per cent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 2.5 per cent.   |

|                                                                   |              |         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------|
| (B) where the agreement is made after the 31st day of March, 1976 | 40 per cent. | Nil;    |
| (vi) on income by way of interest payable on a tax-free security  | 44 per cent. | 2.2 per |
| (vii) on any other income                                         | 70 per cent. | 3.5 per |

Explanation : For the purposes of this Part, "investment income", "long-term capital gains" and "non-resident Indian" shall have the meanings assigned to them in Chapter XII-A as directed to be inserted in the Income-tax Act by section 36 of this Act.

### PART III

Rates For Calculating Or Charging Income-Tax In Certain Cases, Deducting Income-Tax From Income Chargeable Under The Head "Salaries" Or Any Payment Referred To In Sub-Section (9) Of Section 80e And Computing "Advance Tax"

In cases in which income-tax has to be calculated under the first proviso to sub-section (5) of section 132 of the Income-tax Act or charged under sub-section (4) of section 172 or sub-section (2) of section 174 or section 175 or sub-section (2) of section 176 of the said Act or deducted under section 192 of the said Act from income chargeable under the head "Salaries" or deducted under sub-section (9) of section 80E of the said Act from any payment referred to in the said sub-section (9) or in which the "advance tax" payable under Chapter XVII-C of the said Act has to be computed, at the rate or rates in force, such income-tax or, as the case may be, "advance tax" (not being "advance tax" in respect of any income chargeable to tax under Chapter XII or Chapter XII-A or section 164 or section 164A or section 167A of the Income-tax Act at the rates as specified in that Chapter or section), shall be so calculated, charged, deducted or computed at the following rate or rates :-

#### Paragraph A

##### Sub-Paragraph I

In the case of every individual or Hindu undivided family or unregistered firm or other association of persons or body of individuals, whether incorporated or not, or every artificial juridical person referred to in sub-clause (vii) of clause (31) of section 2 of the Income-tax Act, not being a case to which Sub-Paragraph II of this Paragraph or any other Paragraph of this Part applies, -

#### RATES OF INCOME-TAX

|     |                                                                          |                                                                                         |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (1) | where the total income does not exceed Rs. 15,000                        | Nil;                                                                                    |
| (2) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 15,000 but does not exceed Rs. 20,000 | 25 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 15,000;                |
| (3) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 20,000 but does not exceed Rs. 25,000 | Rs. 1,250 plus 30 per cent. Of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 20,000; |
| (4) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 25,000 but does not exceed Rs. 30,000 | Rs. 2,750 plus 35 per cent. Of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 25,000; |
| (5) | where the total income exceeds                                           | Rs. 4,500 plus 40 per cent. Of                                                          |



|      |                                |                                  |
|------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|      | Rs. 30,000 but does not exceed | the amount by which the          |
|      | Rs. 50,000                     | total income exceeds Rs. 30,000; |
| (6)  | where the total income exceeds | Rs. 12,500 plus 50 per cent. of  |
|      | Rs. 50,000 but does not exceed | the amount by which the total    |
|      | income exceeds Rs. 50,000;     |                                  |
| (7)  | where the total income exceeds | Rs. 17,500 plus 52.5 per cent.   |
|      | Rs. 60,000 but does not exceed | of the amount by which the       |
|      | Rs. 70,000                     | total income exceeds Rs. 60,000; |
| (8)  | where the total income exceeds | Rs. 22,750 plus 55 per cent. of  |
|      | Rs. 70,000 but does not exceed | the amount by which the total    |
|      | Rs. 85,000                     | income exceeds Rs. 70,000;       |
| (9)  | where the total income exceeds | Rs. 31,000 plus 57.5 per cent.   |
|      | Rs. 85,000 but does not exceed | of the amount by which the       |
|      | Rs. 1,00,000                   | total income exceeds Rs. 85,000; |
| (10) | where the total income exceeds | Rs. 39,625 plus 60 per cent. of  |
|      | Rs. 1,00,000                   | the amount by which the total    |
|      |                                | income exceeds Rs. 1,00,000.     |

#### Surcharge on income-tax

The amount of income-tax computed in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Sub-Paragraph shall be increased by a surcharge for purposes of the Union calculated at the rate of twelve and a half per cent. of such income-tax.

#### Sub-Paragraph II

In the case of every Hindu undivided family which at any time during the previous year has at least one member whose total income of the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1984 exceeds Rs. 15,000, -

#### RATES OF INCOME-TAX

|     |                                                                          |                                                                                         |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (1) | where the total income does not exceed Rs. 8,000                         | Nil;                                                                                    |
| (2) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 8,000 but does not exceed Rs. 15,000  | 22 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 8,000;                 |
| (3) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 15,000 but does not exceed Rs. 20,000 | Rs. 1,540 plus 27 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 15,000; |
| (4) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 20,000 but does not exceed Rs. 25,000 | Rs. 2,890 plus 35 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 20,000; |
| (5) | where the total income exceeds                                           | Rs. 4,640 plus 40 per cent. of                                                          |

|     |                                |                                  |
|-----|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|     | Rs. 25,000 but does not exceed | the amount by which the total    |
|     | Rs. 30,000                     | income exceeds Rs. 25,000;       |
| (6) | where the total income exceeds | Rs. 6,640 plus 50 per cent. of   |
|     | Rs. 30,000 but does not exceed | the amount by which the total    |
|     | Rs. 50,000                     | income exceeds Rs. 30,000;       |
| (7) | where the total income exceeds | Rs. 16,640 plus 60 per cent. of  |
|     | Rs. 50,000                     | of the amount by which the total |
|     |                                | income exceeds Rs. 50,000 :      |

Provided that for the purposes of this Sub-Paragraph, -

(i) no income-tax shall be payable on a total income not exceeding Rs. 12,000;

(ii) where the total income exceeds Rs. 12,000 but does not exceed Rs. 17,610, the income-tax payable thereon shall not exceed forty per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 12,000.

#### Surcharge on income-tax

The amount of income-tax computed in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Sub-Paragraph shall be increased by a surcharge for purposes of the Union calculated at the rate of twelve and a half per cent. of such income-tax.

#### Paragraph B

In the case of every co-operative society, -

#### RATES OF INCOME-TAX

|     |                                 |                                 |
|-----|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (1) | where the total income does not | 15 per cent. of the total       |
|     | exceed Rs. 10,000               | income;                         |
| (2) | where the total income exceeds  | Rs. 1,500 plus 25 per cent.     |
|     | Rs. 10,000 but does not exceed  | of the amount by which the      |
|     | Rs. 20,000                      | total income exceeds Rs. 10,000 |
| (3) | where the total income exceeds  | Rs. 4,000 plus 40 per cent.     |
|     | Rs. 20,000                      | of the amount by which the      |
|     |                                 | total income exceeds Rs. 20,000 |

#### Surcharge on income-tax

The amount of income-tax computed in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Paragraph shall be increased by a surcharge for purposes of the Union calculated at the rate of twelve and a half per cent. of such income-tax.

#### Paragraph C

##### Sub-Paragraph I

In the case of every registered firm, not being case to which Sub-Paragraph II of this Paragraph applies, -

#### RATES OF INCOME-TAX

|     |                                                                            |                                                                                           |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (1) | where the total income does not exceed Rs. 10,000                          | Nil;                                                                                      |
| (2) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 10,000 but does not exceed Rs. 25,000   | 5 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 10,000;                   |
| (3) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 25,000 but does not exceed Rs. 50,000   | Rs. 750 plus 7 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 25,000;      |
| (4) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 50,000 but does not exceed Rs. 1,00,000 | Rs. 2,500 plus 15 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 50,000;   |
| (5) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 1,00,000                                | Rs. 10,000 plus 24 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 1,00,000 |

#### Surcharge on income-tax

The amount of income-tax computed in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Sub-Paragraph shall be increased by a surcharge for purposes of the Union calculated at the rate of twelve and a half per cent. of such income-tax.

#### Sub-Paragraph II

In the case of every registered firm whose total income includes income derived from a profession carried on by it and the income so included is not less than fifty-one per cent. of such total income, -

#### RATES OF INCOME-TAX

|     |                                                                            |                                                                                         |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| (1) | where the total income does not exceed Rs. 10,000                          | Nil;                                                                                    |
| (2) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 10,000 but does not exceed Rs. 25,000   | 4 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 10,000;                 |
| (3) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 25,000 but does not exceed Rs. 50,000   | Rs. 600 plus 7 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 25,000;    |
| (4) | where the total income exceeds Rs. 50,000 but does not exceed Rs. 1,00,000 | Rs. 2,350 plus 13 per cent. of the amount by which the total income exceeds Rs. 50,000; |
| (5) | where the total income exceeds                                             | Rs. 8,850 plus 22 per cent.                                                             |

|  |              |                                        |
|--|--------------|----------------------------------------|
|  | Rs. 1,00,000 | of the amount by which                 |
|  |              | the total income exceeds Rs. 1,00,000. |

#### Surcharge on income-tax

The amount of income-tax computed in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Sub-Paragraph shall be increased by a surcharge for purposes of the Union calculated at the rate of twelve and a half per cent. of such income-tax.

Explanation : For the purposes of this Paragraph, "registered firm" includes an unregistered firm assessed as a registered firm under clause (b) or section 183 of the Income-tax Act.

#### Paragraph D

In the case of every local authority, -

#### RATE OF INCOME-TAX

|                                  |              |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| On the whole of the total income | 50 per cent. |
|----------------------------------|--------------|

#### Surcharge on income-tax

The amount of income-tax computed in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Paragraph shall be increased by a surcharge for purposes of the Union calculated at the rate of twelve and a half per cent. of such income-tax.

#### Paragraph E

In the case of a company, -

#### RATES OF INCOME-TAX

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| I. In the case of a domestic company, -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                   |
| (1) where the company is a company in which the public are substantially interested                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 55 per cent. of the total income; |
| (2) where the company is not a company in which the public are substantially interested -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                   |
| (i) in the case of an industrial company                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 60 per cent. of the total income; |
| (ii) in any other case                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 65 per cent. of the total income. |
| II. In the case of a company other than a domestic company, -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                   |
| (i) on so much of the total income as consists of -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                   |
| (a) royalties received from Government or an Indian concern in pursuance of an agreement made by it with the Government or the Indian concern after the 31st day of March, 1961 but before the 1st day of April, 1976, or                                                                                                                   |                                   |
| (b) fees for rendering technical services received from Government or an Indian concern in pursuance of an agreement made by it with the Government or the Indian concern after the 29th day of February, 1964 but before the 1st day of April, 1976, and where such agreement has, in either case, been approved by the Central Government | 50 per cent.;                     |
| (ii) on the balance, if any, of the total income                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 70 per cent.                      |

## Surcharge on income-tax

The amount of income-tax computed in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Paragraph shall be increased by a surcharge calculated at the rate of five per cent. of such income-tax.

Explanation : For the purposes of this Paragraph, "industrial company" means a company which is mainly engaged in the business of generation or distribution of electricity or any other form of power or carriage, by road or inland water ways, of passengers or goods or in the construction of ships or in the execution of projects or in the manufacture or processing of goods or in mining.

Note : For the purposes of this Explanation, -

(i) a company shall be deemed to be mainly engaged in the business of generation or distribution of electricity or any other form of power or carriage, by road or inland waterways, of passengers or goods or in the construction of ships or in the execution of projects or in the manufacture or processing of goods or in mining, if the income attributable to any one or more of the aforesaid activities included in its total income of the previous year (as computed before making any deduction under Chapter VI-A of the Income-tax Act) is not less than fifty-one per cent. of such total income;

(ii) "project" means a project for the construction of a building, road, dam, bridge or other structure or assembly or installation of any machinery or plant.

## PART IV

[See Section 2(7)(E)]

### Rules For Computation Of Net Agricultural Income

Rule 1 - Agricultural income of the nature referred to in sub-clause (a) of clause (1) of section 2 of the Income-tax Act shall be computed as if it were income chargeable to income-tax under that Act under the head "Income from other sources" and the provisions of sections 57 to 59 of that Act shall, so far as may be, apply accordingly :

Provided that sub-section (2) of section 58 shall apply subject to the modification that the reference to section 40A therein shall be construed as not including a reference to sub-sections (3) and (4) of section 40A.

Rule 2 - Agricultural income of the nature referred to in sub-clause (b) or sub-clause (c) of clause (1) of section 2 of the Income-tax Act [other than income derived from any building required as a dwelling house by the received of the rent or revenue or the cultivator or the receiver of rent-in-kind referred to in the said sub-clause (c)] shall be computed as if it were income chargeable to income-tax under that Act under the head "Profits and gains of business or profession" and the provisions of sections 30, 31, 32, 34, 36, 37, 38, 40, 40A [other than sub-sections (3) and (4) thereof], 41, 43 and 43A of the Income-tax Act shall, so far as may be, apply accordingly.

Rule 3 - Agricultural income of the nature referred to in sub-clause (c) of clause (1) of section 2 of the Income-tax Act, being income derived from any building required as a dwelling house by the receiver of the rent or revenue or the cultivator or the receiver of rent-in-kind referred to in the said sub-clause (c) shall be computed as if it were income chargeable to income-tax under that Act under the head "Income from house property" and the provisions of sections 23 to 27 of that Act shall, so far as may be, apply accordingly :

Provided that sub-section (2) of the said section 23 shall apply subject to the modifications that the references to "total income" therein shall be construed as references to net agricultural income

and that the words, figures and letter "and before making any deduction under Chapter VI-A" shall be omitted.

Rule 4 - Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provisions of these rules, in a case where the assessee derives income from sale of tea grown and manufactured by him in India, such income shall be computed in accordance with rule 8 of the Income-tax Rules, 1962, and sixty per cent. of such income shall be regarded as the agricultural income of the assessee.

Rule 5 - Where the assessee is a partner of a registered firm or an unregistered firm assessed as a registered firm under clause (b) of section 183 of the Income-tax Act, which in the previous year has any agricultural income, or is a partner of an unregistered firm which has not been assessed as a registered firm under clause (b) of the said section 183 and which in the previous year has either no income chargeable to tax under the Income-tax Act or has total income not exceeding the maximum amount not chargeable to tax in the case of an unregistered firm but has any agricultural income, then, the agricultural income or loss of the firm shall be computed in accordance with these rules and his share in the agricultural income or loss of the firm shall be computed in the manner laid down in sub-section (1), sub-section (2), and sub-section (3) of section 67 of the Income-tax Act and the share so computed shall be regarded as the agricultural income or loss of the assessee.

Rule 6 - Where the assessee is a member of an association of persons or a body of individuals (other than a Hindu undivided family, a company or a firm) which in the previous year has either no income chargeable to tax under the Income-tax Act or has total income not exceeding the maximum amount not chargeable to tax in the case of an association of persons or a body of individuals (other than a Hindu undivided family, a company or a firm) but has any agricultural income, then, the agricultural income or loss of the association or body shall be computed in accordance with these rules and the share of the assessee in the agricultural income or loss so computed shall be regarded as the agricultural income or loss of the assessee.

Rule 7 - Where the result of the computation for the previous year in respect of any source of agricultural income is a loss, such loss shall be set off against the income of the assessee, if any, for that previous year from any other source of agricultural income :

Provided that where the assessee is a partner of an unregistered firm which has not been assessed as a registered firm under clause (b) of section 183 of the Income-tax Act or is a member of an association of persons or a body of individuals and the share of the assessee in the agricultural income of the firm, association or body, as the case may be, is a loss, such loss shall not be set off against any income of the assessee from any other source of agricultural income.

Rule 8 - Any sum payable by the assessee on amount of any tax levied by the State Government on the agricultural income shall be deducted in computing the agricultural income.

Rule 9 - (1) Where the assessee has, in the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1983, any agricultural income and the net result of the computation of the agricultural income of the assessee for any one or more of the previous years relevant to the assessment years commencing on the 1st day of April, 1975 or the 1st day of April, 1976 or the 1st day of April, 1977 or the 1st day of April, 1978 or the 1st day of April, 1979 or the 1st day of April, 1980 or the 1st day of April, 1981 or the 1st day of April, 1982, is a loss, then, for the purposes of sub-section (2) of section 2 of this Act, -

(i) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1976, to the extent, if any, such loss has not been set off against the agricultural income for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1976 or the 1st day of April, 1977 or the 1st day of April, 1978 or the 1st day of April, 1979 or the 1st day of April, 1980 or the 1st day of April, 1981 or the 1st day of April, 1982,

(ii) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1976, to the extent, if any, such loss has not been set off against the agricultural income for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1977 or the 1st day of April, 1978 or the 1st day of April, 1979 or the 1st day of April, 1980 or the 1st day of April, 1981 or the 1st day of April, 1982,

(iii) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1977, to the extent, if any, such loss has not been set off against the agricultural income for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1978 or the 1st day of April, 1979 or the 1st day of April, 1980 or the 1st day of April, 1981 or the 1st day of April, 1982,

(iv) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1978, to the extent, if any, such loss has not been set off against the agricultural income for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1979 or the 1st day of April, 1980 or the 1st day of April, 1981 or the 1st day of April, 1982,

(v) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1979, to the extent, if any, such loss has not been set off against the agricultural income for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1980 or the 1st day of April, 1981 or the 1st day of April, 1982,

(vi) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1980, to the extent, if any, such loss has not been set off against the agricultural income for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1981 or the 1st day of April, 1982,

(vii) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1981, to the extent, if any, such loss has not been set off against the agricultural income for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1982, and

(viii) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1982,

shall be set off against the agricultural income of the assessee for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1983.

(2) Where the assessee has, in the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1984 or, if by virtue of any provision of the Income-tax Act, income-tax is to be charged in respect of the income of a period other than that previous year, in such other period, any agricultural income and the net result of the computation of the agricultural income of the assessee for any one or more of the previous years relevant to the assessment years commencing on the 1st day of April, 1976 or the 1st day of April, 1977 or the 1st day of April, 1978 or the 1st day of April, 1979 or the 1st day of April, 1980 or the 1st day of April, 1981 or the 1st day of April, 1982 or the 1st day of April, 1983, is a loss, then, for the purposes of sub-section (6) of section 2 of this Act, -

(i) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1981, to the extent, if any, such loss has not been set off against the agricultural income for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1977 or the 1st day of April, 1978 or the 1st day of April, 1979 or the 1st day of April, 1980 or the 1st day of April, 1981 or the 1st day of April, 1982 or the 1st day of April, 1983,

(ii) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1977, to the extent, if any, such loss has not been set off against the agricultural income for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1978 or the 1st day of April, 1979 or the 1st day of April, 1980 or the 1st day of April, 1981 or the 1st day of April, 1982 or the 1st day of April, 1983,

(iii) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1978, to the extent, if any, such loss has not been set off against the agricultural income for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1979 or the 1st day of April, 1980 or the 1st day of April, 1981 or the 1st day of April, 1982 or the 1st day of April, 1983,

(iv) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1979, to the extent, if any, such loss has not been set off against the agricultural income for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1980, or the 1st day of April, 1981 or the 1st day of April, 1982 or the 1st day of April, 1983,

(v) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1980, to the extent, if any, such loss has not been set off against the agricultural income for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1981 or the 1st day of April, 1982, or the 1st day of April, 1983,

(vi) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1981, to the extent, if any, such loss has not been set off against the agricultural income for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1982 or the 1st day of April, 1983,

(vii) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1982, to the extent, if any, such loss has not been set off against the agricultural income for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1983,

(viii) the loss so computed for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1983,

shall be set off against the agricultural income of the assessee for the previous year relevant to the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 1984, or the period aforesaid.

(3) Where a change has occurred in the constitution of a firm, nothing in sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2) shall entitle the firm to set off so much of the loss proportionate to the share of a retired or deceased partner computed in the manner laid down in sub-section (1), sub-section (2) and sub-section (3) of section 67 of the Income-tax Act as exceeds his share of profits, if any, of the previous year in the firm, or entitle any partner to the benefit of any portion of the said loss (computed in the manner aforesaid) which is not apportionable to him.

(4) Where any person deriving any agricultural income from any source has been succeeded in such capacity by another person, otherwise than by inheritance, nothing in sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2) shall entitle any person, other than the person incurring the loss, to have it set off under sub-rule (1) or, as the case may be, sub-rule (2).

(5) Notwithstanding anything contained in this rule, no loss which has not been determined by the Income-tax Officer under the provisions of these rules or the rules contained in Part IV of the First Schedule to the Finance Act, 1975 (25 of 1975), or of the First Schedule to the Finance Act, 1976 (66 of 1976) or of the First Schedule to the Finance (No. 2) Act, 1977 (29 of 1977), or of the



Schedule to the Finance Act, 1978 (19 of 1978), or of the First Schedule to the Finance Act, 1979 (21 of 1979) or of the First Schedule to the Finance (No. 2) Act, 1980 (44 of 1980), or of the First Schedule to the Finance Act, 1981 (16 of 1981), or of the First Schedule to the Finance Act, 1982 (14 of 1982), shall be set off under sub-rule (1) or, as the case may be, sub-rule (2).

Rule 10 - Where the net result of the computation made in accordance with these rules is a loss, the loss so computed shall be ignored and the net agricultural income shall be deemed to be nil.

Rule 11 - The provisions of the Income-tax Act relating to procedure for assessment (including the provisions of section 288A relating to rounding off of income) shall, with the necessary modifications, apply in relation to the computation of the net agricultural income of the assessee as they apply in relation to the assessment of the total income.

Rule 12 - For the purposes of computing the net agricultural income of the assessee, the Income-tax Officer shall have the same powers as he has under the Income-tax Act for the purposes of assessment of the total income.