

Wakf Act, 1954

Section 36D - REMOVAL OF ENCROACHMENTS FROM WAKF PROPERTY

1) Whenever the Wakf Commissioner considers, whether on receiving any complaint or on his own motion, that there has been an encroachment on any land, building, space or other property which is wakf property and, which has been registered as such under this Act, he shall cause to be served upon the encroacher a notice specifying the particulars of the encroachment and calling upon him. to show cause before a date to be specified in the notice, as to why an order requiring him to remove the encroachment before the date so specified should not be made and shall also send a copy of such notice to the concerned mutawalli. (2) The notice referred to in sub-section (1) shall be served in such manner as may be prescribed. (3) If, after considering the objections, received during the period specified in the notice, and after conducting an inquiry in such manner as may be prescribed, the Wakf Commissioner is satisfied that the property in question is wakf property and that there has been an encroachment on any such wakf property, he may, by an order, require the encroacher to remove such encroachment and deliver possession of the land, building, space or other property encroached upon to the mutawalli of the wakf. Explanation.-In this section and in section 36E, "encroacher" means the person by whom any encroachment has been made on any land, building, space or other property which is wakf property. (4) Nothing contained in sub-section (3) shall prevent any person aggrieved by the order made by the Wakf Commissioner under that sub-section from instituting a suit in a court of law to establish that he has right title or interest in the land, building, space or other property: Provided that no such suit shall be instituted by a person who has been let into possession of the land, building, space or other property as a lessee, licensee or mortgagee by the mutawalli of the wakf or by any other person authorised by him in this behalf.]