

Cantonments Act, 2006

Section 2 - Definitions In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,

THE CANTONMENTS ACT, 2006 [Act No. 41 OF 2006] [13th September, 2006.] An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to the administration of cantonments with a view to impart greater democratisation, improvement of their financial base to make provisions for developmental activities and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. BE it enacted by Parliament in the Fifty-seventh Year of the Republic of India as follows:-- (1) This Act may be called the Cantonments Act, 2006. (2) It extends to the whole of India. (3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint, and different dates may be appointed for different provisions of this Act and any reference in any provision to the commencement of this Act shall be construed as a reference to the coming into force of that provision. a) "Assistant Health Officer" means the medical officer appointed by the General Officer Commanding-in-Chief, the Command, to be the Assistant Health Officer for a cantonment; (b) "Board" means a Cantonment Board constituted under this Act; (c) "boundary wall" means a wall which abuts on a street and which does not exceed two and a half metres in height; (d) "building" means a house, outhouse, stable, latrine, shed, hut or other roofed structure whether of masonry, brick, wood, mud, metal or other material, and any part thereof, and includes a well and a wall other than a boundary wall but does not include a tent or other portable and temporary shelter; (e) "casual election" means an election held to fill a casual vacancy; (f) "casual vacancy" means a vacancy occurring otherwise than by efflux of time in the office of an elected member of a Board and includes a vacancy in such office, arising under sub-section (2) of